The Core Curriculum and the Pursuit of Academic Excellence

a presentation by

Michael B. Poliakoff

Vice President of Policy

American Council of Trustees and Alumni

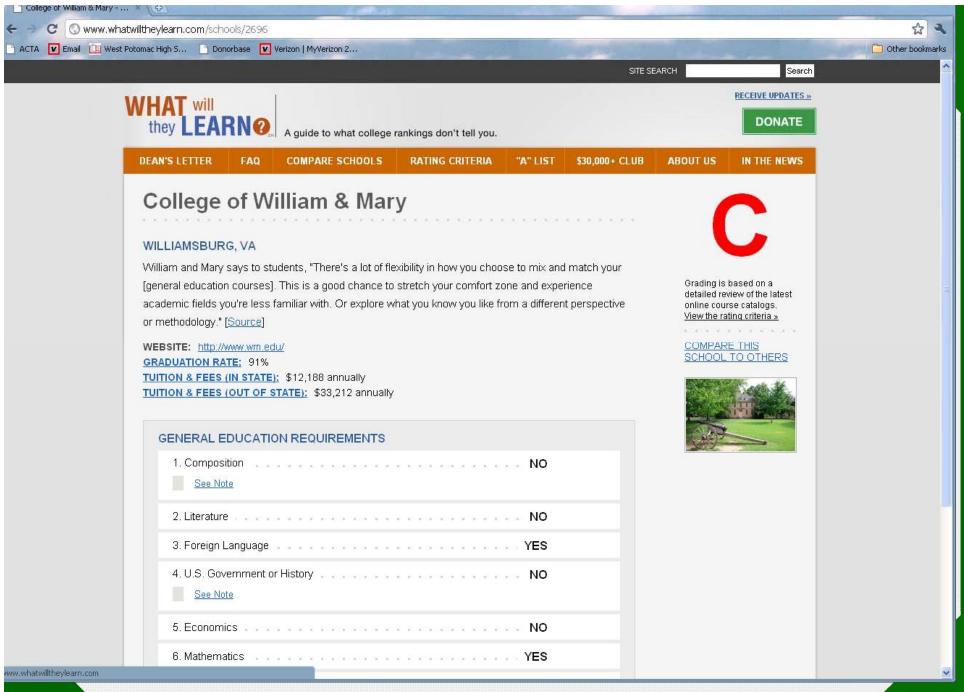
The College of William and Mary Sadler Building October 27, 2011



AN EXTRAORDINARY HERITAGE

- Thomas Jefferson
- James Monroe
- John Marshall
- Thirty-One Governors
- Sixty Members of the U.S. Congress or State Legislatures

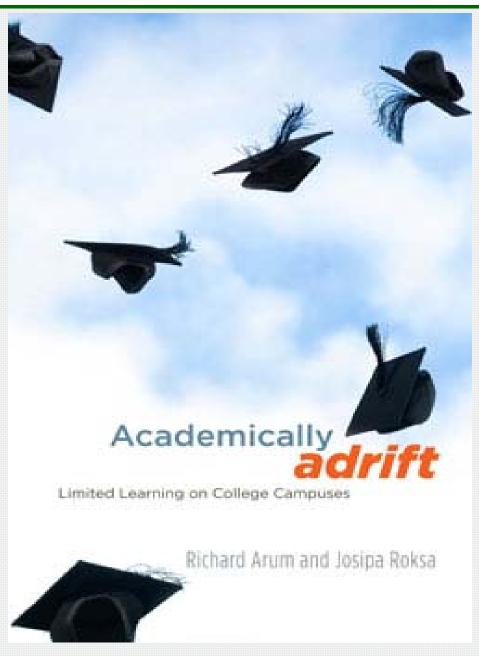




What Business Leaders Have to Say

- Partnership for 21st Century Skills:
 23.9% of employers find 4-year college graduates' overall preparation for entry-level jobs, "excellent." 64.5% say "adequate."
- 26.2% find their writing skills "deficient"

Linda Barrington and Jill Casner-Lotto, *Are They Really Ready to Work? Employers' Perspectives on the Basic Knowledge and Applied Skills of New Entrants to the 21st Century U.S. Workforce* (The Conference Board, Corporate Voices for Working Families, The Partnership for 21st Century Skills and the Society for Human Resource Management, 2006)



Richard Arum and Josipa Roksa, *Academically Adrift*. *Limited Learning on College Campuses* (Chicago:University of Chicago Press, 2011)

Forty-five percent of students did not demonstrate any significant improvement in learning, as measured by CLA (=Collegiate Learning Assessment) performance, during their first two years of college.

Considering all four years of college, we find that 36 percent of students did not demonstrate any significant improvement in learning, as measured by CLA performance.

Richard Arum, Josipa Roksa, Esther Cho, Improving Undergraduate Learning: Findings and Policy Recommendations from the SSRC-CLA Longitudinal Project (New York: Social Science Research Council, 2011)

http://www.ssrc.org/workspace/images/crm/new_publication_3/%7Bd06178be-3823-e011-adef-001cc477ec84%7D.pdf

Does This Have Anything to Do With Us?

"There is more variation within institutions than across institutions. Although institutional selectivity is related to students' experiences and growth in the CLA, high- and low-performing students can be found at each institution and within each level of selectivity."

Richard Arum, Josipa Roksa, Esther Cho, Improving Undergraduate Learning: Findings and Policy Recommendations from the SSRC-CLA Longitudinal Project (New York: Social Science Research Council, 2011) http://www.ssrc.org/workspace/images/crm/new_publication_3/%7Bd06178be-3823-e011-adef-001cc477ec84%7D.pdf

National Perspectives on Historical Illiteracy

ACTA, Losing America's Memory (February 2000)

Survey of 556 college seniors at the Top 25 National Universities and the Top 25 National Liberal Arts Colleges.

•	Beavis and Butthead	99%
•	Snoop Doggy Dog	98%
•	George Washington as general at Yorktown	34%
•	James Madison as Father of the Constitution	23%
•	Abraham Lincoln as author of the words:	
	"Government of the people, by the people,	
	for the people"	22%

James Madison 1822

Learned Institutions ought to be favorite objects with every free people. They throw that light over the public mind which is the best security against crafty & dangerous encroachments on the public liberty. ...

What spectacle can be more edifying or more seasonable, than that of Liberty & Learning, each leaning on the other for their mutual & surest support?

WWJMS?

GE-4A (History and Culture of the European Tradition) Fall 2011

- American History to 1877 (seven sections)
- Art History I
- Jazz
- Philosophic History of American Environmentalism
- History of Western Music

Why English Composition?

"What Should Colleges Teach," by Stanley Fish New York Times, August 24, 2009

"A few years ago, when I was grading papers for a graduate literature course, I became alarmed at the inability of my students to write a clean English sentence. They could manage for about six words and then, almost invariably, the syntax (and everything else) fell apart.

As I learned more about the world of composition studies, I came to the conclusion that unless writing courses focus exclusively on writing they are a sham, and I advised administrators to insist that all courses listed as courses in composition teach grammar and rhetoric and nothing else.

College of William and Mary Freshmen Seminars/Lower Division Writing Courses

Emerging Diseases (Biology)

Beyond Petroleum as Fuel (Chemistry)

The Art of Detection (English)

Detective Fiction (English)

Food in World History (History)

Mafia Representations (Italian)

WWSFS?

Accessibility and Advantages of a Strong Core

- 30 Hours (maximum)
- One Quarter of the Credits for Graduation
- Responds to call from business and industry
- Confidence in the quality of W&M graduates, especially expository writing and understanding of American institutions
- Creation of a learning community with common academic themes
- Cost savings through large, team-taught courses
- Creation of a faculty community

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Are We Underfunded?

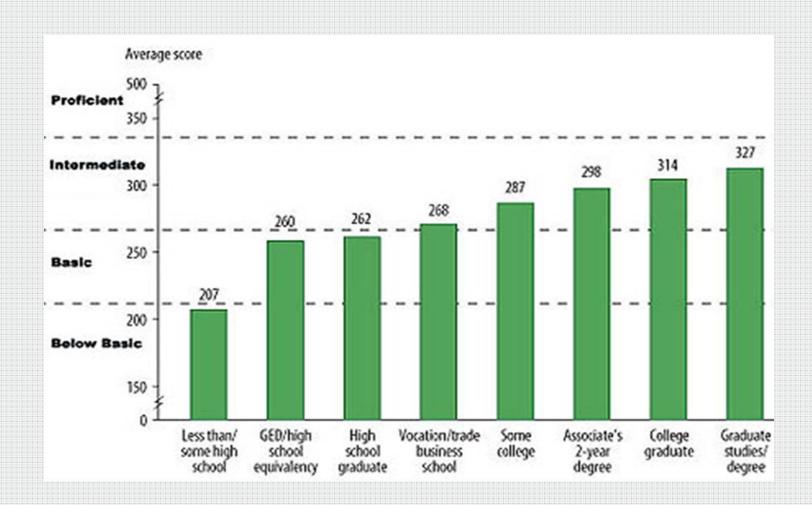
Education Expenditures by Country

At the combined elementary and secondary level in 2006, the United States spent \$10,267 per student, which was 41 percent higher than the OECD average of \$7,283. At the postsecondary level, U.S. expenditures per student were \$25,109, more than twice as high as the OECD average of \$12,336.

Aud, S., Hussar, W., Planty, M., Snyder, T., Bianco, K., Fox, M., Frohlich, L., Kemp, J., Drake, L. (2010). The Condition of Education 2010 (NCES 2010-028). National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC.

NCES 2010-

National Assessment of Adult Literacy



"What Do We (They) Mean By Proficient

Proficient indicates skills necessary to perform more complex and challenging literacy activities.

Score ranges for Proficient:

Prose: 340-500

Document: 335-500

Quantitative: 350-500

- reading lengthy, complex, abstract prose texts as well as synthesizing information and making complex inferences
- integrating, synthesizing, and analyzing multiple pieces of information located in complex documents
- locating more abstract quantitative information and using it to solve multistep problems when the arithmetic operations are not easily inferred and the problems are more complex

- comparing viewpoints in two editorials
- interpreting a table about blood pressure, age, and physical activity
- computing and comparing the cost per ounce of food items



GE-5 (Literature/History of the Arts) Some Options (Spg 2010 - Fall 2011)

- Victorian Supernatural
- British Literature I&II (multiple sections)
- Intro to Shakespeare
- Detective Fiction
- American Popular Music (also GE-4)
- Contested Spaces in Post-Colonial Literature
- History of American Vernacular Dance
- Jazz
- Music and Film

College of William and Mary Fall 2011 Freshman Seminar/Lower Division Writing

EVERYTHING'S COOL: THE RHETORIC OF CLIMATE CHANGE. Communicating scientific information to the general public is challenging, especially when the data lead to politically charged recommendations. As one filmmaker demonstrates, the public is likely to react to disconcerting information by choosing to believe that "everything's cool." This seminar will analyze the rhetorical strategies of scientists, journalists, and documentary filmmakers who seek to explain global warming and persuade stakeholders to take action. Students will practice writing about climate change for a variety of purposes, media, and audiences.

College of William and Mary Fall 2011 Freshman Seminar/Lower Division Writing

• FR SEM: This reading, writing, and discussionintensive seminar is designed to allow students to explore the world of Sherlock Holmes (SH), Conan Doyles (sic) great detective. We will examine the genesis of Daoyle (sic) creation, read extensively from the stories, and give emphasis to their translation into visual media. We will explore the very early use of forensic techniques in SH and in Vistorian (sic) England, as well as explore the evolution of forensic detection as it is used by SH's literary descendants. This course satisfies the Lower-Division Writing Requirement.